

### Introduction:



- Texts, windows and mirrors
- · A triangle of relationships in reading the author, the text and the reader.
- · A triangle of images of reading: windows, mirrors and stained glass.
- The quest for the historical Jesus using the gospels as windows; criticism of sections.
- Modern literary approaches; reader response - using the gospels as mirrors. Stories as a whole.

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# 1 Gospel Genre = Biography 1.a Genre Interpretation

- · Read Classics at Oxford
- Taught at Sevenoaks
- St John's Nottingham
- · Research to critique American biographical theories about gospels
- · Continued in Bromley as curate & Exeter chaplain
- SNTS MS 70 1992 CUP

Society for New Testament Studies Monograph Series 70 What are the Gospels? A comparison with Graeco-Roman biography

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# 1 Gospel Genre = Biography 1.a Genre Interpretation



- What is a text or work?' = genre criticism
- Translation: genre, gattung, species, genos
- "Good evening, here is the news"
- "Once upon a time" expect different story
- My interest in genre studies since Oxford
- Ancient theory classification system
- Modern theory more dynamic, flexible, birth, life, development & death of genres

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## 1 Gospel Genre = Biography 1.a Genre Interpretation



- Genre used in communication theory
- · How do we decide a genre? pigeonhole
- How do we produce a communication?
- A contract between author and audience
- How do we receive or interpret a text?
- · Genres as dynamic, alive, developing
- 'More of a pigeon than pigeonhole'
- Genre theory as my first key contribution

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# 1 Gospel Genre = Biography 1.b Previous scholarship



- 19th century Romantic Lives of Jesus
- 1920's, Karl Ludwig Schmidt and Rudolf Bultmann; rise of Form Critical approaches concentrate on individual pericopae (**forms**) but gospels are sui generis, unique genre
- 'Myth' (legend?) v historicity dichotomy
- Quest for Historical Jesus v 'Christ of faith'
- Impact on Christians' faith (eg Ratzinger)

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## 1 Gospel Genre = Biography 1.b Previous scholarship

- 1960's, rise of Redaction Criticism restores the evangelists as theologians and writers
- · Questions of the gospels' overall genre start to be asked again, especially in the USA and in Britain, e.g. Graham N. Stanton: Jesus of Nazareth in New Testament Preaching (SNTS MS 27, CUP 1974)
- Charles Talbert's What is a Gospel? (1977)
- David E. Aune's reaction and later work

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## 1 Gospel Genre = Biography 1.c Rabbinic material



- Traditio-historical analysis often parallels gospel stories with Rabbinic anecdotes.
- Yet notable absence of Rabbinic biography: Alexander; Neusner.
- Most are anecdotes, more about teaching than action. Death of sage stories.
- Jesus as the centre v Torah at centre; Jesus and Hillel.

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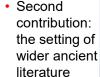
## 1 Gospel Genre = Biography 1.d Genre Research

- · Part One: Problem, tools, scholars, methodology
- Part Two: Comparison with Graeco-Roman Lives' generic features
- · It demonstrated that the gospels have same features as ancient Lives
- Paperback edn in 1995

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# 1 Gospel Genre = Biography





Relationship of ancient 'Lives' to neighbouring other works

Religious or philosophical teaching Moral philosophy ἦθος and μίμησις Dialogue and discourse Encomium βίος Story and novel Political beliefs Rev'd Canon Prof Richard Burridge, Dean of KCL

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## 1 Gospel Genre = Biography 1.d Genre Research

- Bultmann and German scholarship compared the gospels with modern biography - very different (post Freud, Marx, etc); this is a genre mistake
- Biographia: First used in Photius (9th century), quoting Damascius' *Life of Isodorus* (5th century)
- Bioi/Vitae: Isocrates' Evagoras, Xenophon's Agesilaus, Satyrus' Euripides, Nepos' Atticus, Philo's Moses, Tacitus' Agricola, Plutarch's Cato Minor, Suetonius' Lives of the Caesars, Lucian's Demonax and Philostratus' Apollonius of Tyana, compared with the four canonical gospels.

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## 1 Gospel Genre = Biography 4 1.d Genre Research

Use of 'family resemblance theory' (Wittgenstein) looking for shared features within group or family

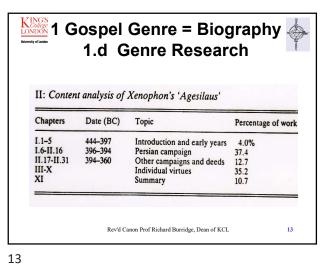
- External/Formal structure: in continuous prose narrative, single scroll (10,000 – 20,000 words), having a bare chronological outline, with material inserted about the subject, arranged by topics.
- Internal/Content: ancestry, birth, public debut. Aims include apologetic, polemic or didactic. Speeches and actions, deeds and words. Concentration on detailed treatment of subject's death, often 20-25% - compare Passion narratives.

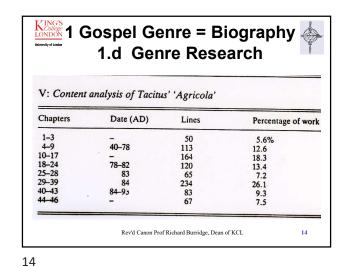
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1.d Genre Research					
VI: Content analysis of Plutarch's 'Cato Minor'					
Chapters	Date (BC)	Торіс	Percentage of work		
1-7	95-73	Birth, childhood and education	15.0%		
8-15	72-66	Slave Wars, Military Tribune in Asia	9.2		
16-21	66-65	Quaestor	10.3		
22-29	64-63	Cicero Consul; Catilinarian Conspiracy	11.5		
30-39	62-56	Pompey and Caesar; Cato in Cyprus	13.8		
40-46	55-53	Praetorship	10.3		
47-51	52-50	Growing tension	6.9		
52-55	49-48	Civil War, Pharsalus	5.7		
56-73	47/46	Last days in Africa, death	17.3		

1 Gospel Genre = Biography 1.d Genre Research 2 Allocation of space X: Content analysis of Matthew's gospel Verses Prologue and infancy
Preparation and beginnings
Sermon on the Mount
Ministry
Mission of disciples
Ministry and conflict
Parables of the Kingdom
Ministry and Peter's Confessioh
Christian community
Journey to Jerusalem
Eschatology(Discourse)
Last Supper, Passion and Resurrection 1-2 3-4 5-7 8-9 10-11<sup>1</sup> 11<sup>2</sup>-12 13<sup>1</sup>-5<sup>2</sup> 13<sup>53</sup>-17 18 19-23 24-25 26-28 48 42 111 72 41 79 52 136 35 195 97 161 Rev'd Canon Prof Richard Burridge, Dean of KCL 16

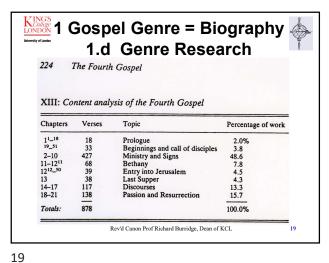
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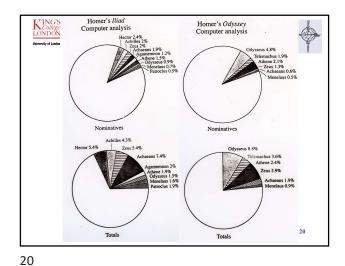
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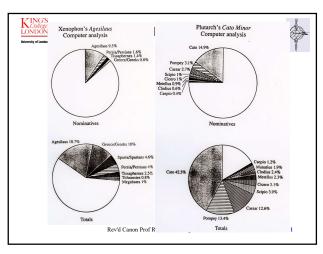
1.d Genre Research						
XI: Content analysis of Mark's gospel						
Chapters	Verses	Topic	Percentage of work			
11-13	13	Preparation and beginnings	2.0			
114-36	66	Ministry in Galilee	9.9			
37-66	119	Call of disciples and ministry	17.9			
$6^7 - 8^{26}$	113	Mission and blindness of disciples	17.0			
$8^{27}-10$	113	Journey to Jerusalem	17.0			
11-13	114	Ministry in Jerusalem	17.1			
$14-16^8$	127	Last Supper, Passion and Resurrection	19.1			
	665		100.0			

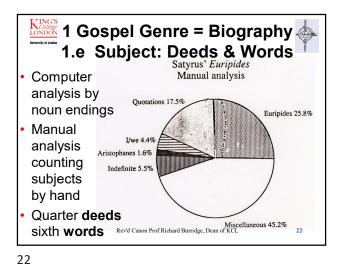
1 Gospel Genre = Biography 1.d Genre Research XII: Content analysis of Luke's gospel Percentage of work Verses Topic Chapters 0.4 11.1 4.4 Infancy narratives Preparation and beginnings Ministry in Galilee 51 275 406 23.9 9<sup>51</sup>-19<sup>27</sup> 19<sup>28</sup>-21 35.3 Journey to Jerusalem 106 179 9.3 15.6 Ministry in Jerusalem Last Supper, Passion and Resurrection 22-24 100.0% 1149 Totals: Rev'd Canon Prof Richard Burridge, Dean of KCL

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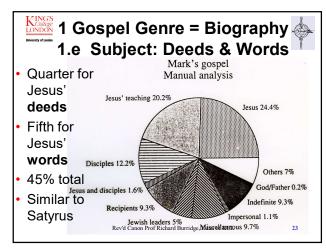








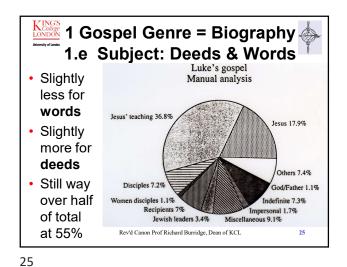
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1 Gospel Genre = Biography 1.e Subject: Deeds & Words Matthew's gospel Over 42%, Manual analysis a larger amount for Jesus' teaching 42.59 Jesus 17.2% words = effect of Q **Deeds** over Others 8.1% a sixth, 17% God/Father 0.6% Indefinite 4.2% 60% in total Impersonal 0.9% Disciples 8.8% of the verbs Recipients 4.4% Jewish leaders 4.4% Rev'd Canon Prof Richard Burridge, Dean of KCL

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1 Gospel Genre = Biography 🦑 1.e Subject: Deeds & Words Jesus 20.29 You (pl.) Jews 3.6% You (pl.) disciples 3.79 God/Father 3.7% Spirit/Paraclete 0.7% Miscellaneous 7.4% Indefinite 5.5% Over half 54% given to Jesus' words & deeds 10% spoken by Jesus about himself

# 1 Gospel Genre = Biography

1.f Conclusions & Reactions

- Sui generis is a literary nonsense; knowing genre is crucial key for interpretation
- Gospels not myth/legend, nor history but share same genre as ancient biography
- Centrality of Jesus' deeds and words, his life and ministry, death and resurrection.
- I conclude that this biographical genre "has distinct hermeneutical implications for the gospel studies, reaffirming the centrality of the person of Jesus of Nazareth" (p. 251)27

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1 Gospel Genre = Biography 1.f Conclusions & Reactions

Against main scholarly

Conference debates at BNTC, (I)SBL, USA, Ireland, UK in 1990s

consensus (=unique)

Second edition in 2004 with Foreword by Stanton

New chapter on Reactions and Appendix on Rabbinic Rev'd Canon Prof Richard Burridge, Dean of KCI Biography



What

Are the Gospels?

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## 1 Gospel Genre = Biography 🎄 1.f Conclusions & Reactions

- Now mainstream scholarly consensus view gospels are in the genre of ancient biography
- Christological hermeneutic for interpretation
- Jesus' deeds and words, life, death, resurrection
- 'an immensely learned volume . . . a superb survey of the topic, but also breaks new ground in its nuanced reading of ancient texts and its literary model.' Jerome H. Neyrey, CBQ 55, April 1993, pp 361-3.
- 'a most impressive study, displaying masterly control of the discussion of modern literary theory as well as being at home in a wide range of classical literature'. Christopher Tuckett, Theology (1993), pp. 74-5.
- 'a truly astonishing tour de force interdisciplinary biblical scholarship at its very best'.

Mark W. G. Stibbe, *Biblical Interpretation* 1,3 (1993), pp. 380-81.

# 1 Gospel Genre = Biography



- **Narrative Christology and** biographies of Jesus
- The gospels are neither a clear glass window, nor a polished mirror;
- more like a piece of stained glass:
- Christology in narrative form, the story of Jesus.

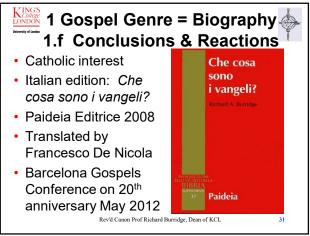
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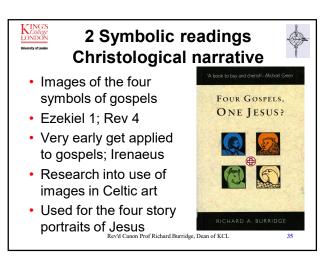


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Presenting
Four Gospels
one Jesus?
to Pope
Francis
Citation: for
"indissoluble connection of Jesus and the gospels."

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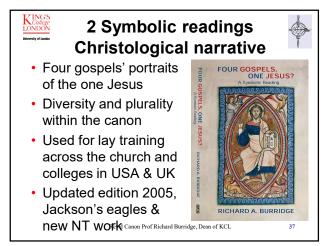


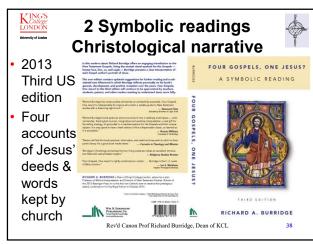
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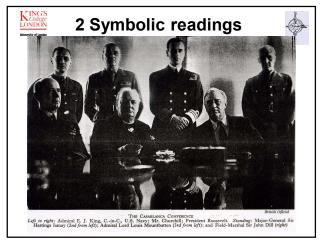
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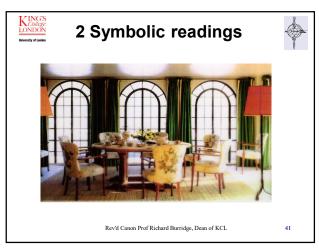


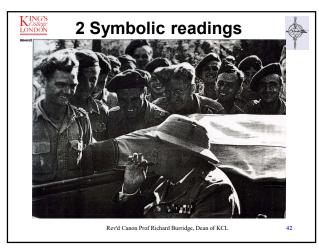
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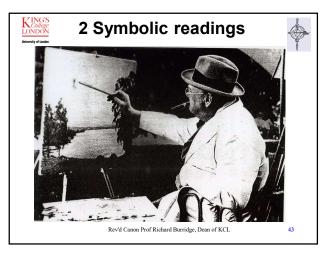
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2 Symbolic readings

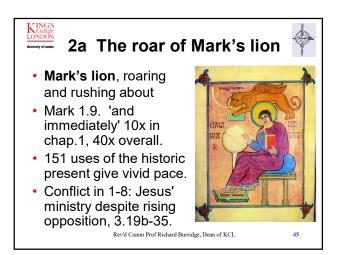
• The four living creatures:

• Ezekiel 1,

• Revelation 4;

• Irenaeus, Adv. Haer. III.11.8-9.

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2a The roar of Mark's lion

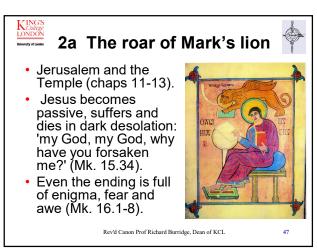
The disciples in Mark, lack of understanding.
Interlude of chapters 8-10 raises identity: what kind of creature is this?
Jesus is the enigmatic wonder-worker; the eschatological prophet, the Messiah, Son of God and Son of Man.

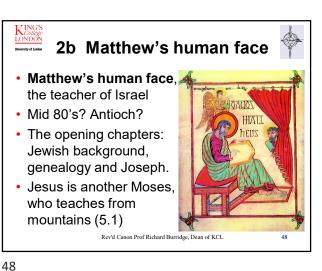
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2a The roar of Mark's lion

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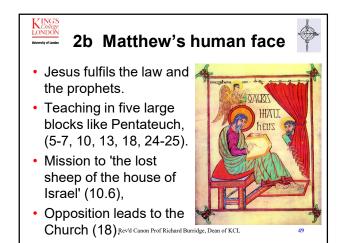




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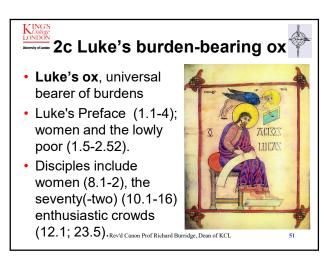
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• Woes to the leaders of Israel (23).
• Passion: awesome; additions Matt. 27.3-10, 17-25. Abandonment cry (27.51-54).
• Resurrection supernatural atmosphere: the division of Israel; (28.1-20).

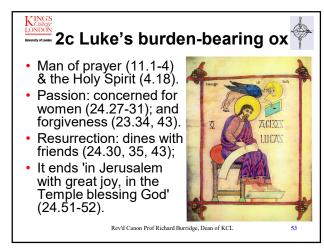
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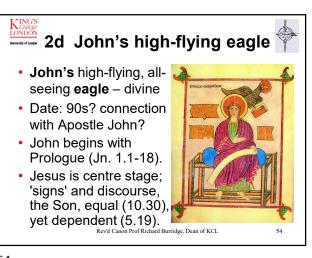
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• The disciples are better; Pharisees dine Jesus (7.36; 11.37; 14.1); • opposition comes from the powerful religious leaders in Jerusalem.
• Jesus is concerned for the poor, the lost and unacceptable, outcasts, women and Gentiles hard Burridge, Dean of KCL 52

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# 2d John's high-flying eagle

- Opposition from "the Jews" (2-12) = leaders
- Care of disciples (13-17)
- · Passion: Jesus in control, (19.11), mother and disciple (19.26-27), 'it is accomplished' 19.30

 Resurrection: Mary (20.14), Thomas (20.26) Peter (21.15-19).

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## 2e Jesus & NT Ethics



- · Attempt to take implications of genre for NT ethics seriously.
- First volume on ethical material found in the New Testament. Richard A. Burridge, Imitating Jesus: An Inclusive Approach to New Testament Ethics (Eerdmans: 2007).
- Second part: how the New Testament can be used in ethical dilemmas today. Money, Sex, Power, Violence and the Meaning of Life: Following Jesus Today (forthcoming)

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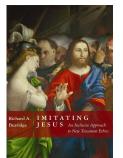


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## 2e Jesus & NT Ethics



- •We must also take the gospels seriously as ancient biography.
- ·Must consider Jesus' ethical teaching and his practice.
- 'In the first book, I wrote about all that Jesus began to do and to teach' (Acts 1.1).
- ·Must include both his words and his deeds; a narrative approach.
- Allows for including his actions and following his example Burridge, Dean of KCL



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## CONCLUSIONS

- The Gospels share the same generic features as ancient 'Lives', bioi or vitae, which are different from modern biography
- Must be interpreted through their primary focus on the life and ministry, teaching and activity, death and resurrection of Jesus.
- Gospels hold together Jesus' words & deeds
- Use the **four** different portraits of the **one** Jesus in preaching and teaching, through gospels' narrations of his story.

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### CONCLUSIONS



- "This Christological hermeneutic which sees Jesus Christ as the key to the whole" (2007, Ratzinger/Benedict Jesus of Nazareth, p.xix)
- This biographical genre "has distinct hermeneutical implications for the gospel studies, reaffirming the centrality of the person of Jesus of Nazareth" (Richard Burridge, What are the Gospels?, 1992/2004, p. 251)

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## FOR DISCUSSION



- 3a) **Unity and Diversity**
- Use of one gospel as master narrative (e.g. Marcion) v. mixed 'harmonising' of all the four gospels (Tatian).
- · The reading and use of the gospels in church liturgy and lectionaries. RCL.
- Critical study of isolated pericopae contrast continuous reading of whole texts

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## FOR DISCUSSION

- · 3b) Diversity and History
- His story v. History; the ancient idea of truth different from modern accounts of mere 'facts'
- the role of interpretation.
- · 3c) Plurality within Limits
- · Are all portraits equally valid?
- · Christology 'à la carte' in a consumer society?
- · The four gospels as a 'stimulus and control' for our images of Jesus today – boundaries (R. Morgan, Interpretation 1979).

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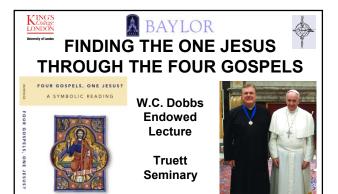
## FOR DISCUSSION



- 3d) Biography, Faith and Worship
- Triangles: author, text and reader;
- story-teller, story and audience;
- preacher, message and congregation.
- Usual scholarly view written by committees, for communities about concepts.
- · The gospels as biography written by people, for people about people.
- · Need to read and hear the whole story in faith

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17th November

2016

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